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		DSON, PC	GUILL, RUSSELL L		
	12390 EL CAMINO REAL SAN DIEGO, CA 92130-2081			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
J				2123	
				DATE MAILED: 07/13/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant/o				
•		Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	10/025,217	LIOKUMOVICH ET AL.				
omee Action Guinnary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	Russell L. Guill	2123				
Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet t					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC ute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18	December 2001.					
	nis action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 22</u> is/are pending in the applicat	ion.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 - 22</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.	·				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 December 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	·					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.	•				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received in	Application No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr		n received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bure	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	at received				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies no	it received.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				
S. Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 1				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1 - 22 have been examined. Claims 1 - 22 have been rejected.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 7 recites, "the segment". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 3.1. Claims 2, 7, 8, 11, 14, 15, 16, 18, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. There is insufficient antecedent basis for the following limitations in the claims:
 - **3.1.1.** Claim 2 recites, "the host operating system." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a host operating system."
 - **3.1.2.** Claim 7 recites, "the segment." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a segment."
 - **3.1.3.** Claim 8 recites, "the segment." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a segment."
 - **3.1.4.** Claim 11 recites, "the same addresses." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a same addresses."

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3.1.5. Claim 11 recites, "the addresses used." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "an addresses used."

- **3.1.6.** Claim 14 recites, "the segment." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a segment."
- **3.1.7.** Claim 16 recites, "the machine instructions." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "the instructions."
- **3.1.8.** Claim 16 recites, "the host machine." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a host machine."
- **3.1.9.** Claim 18 recites, "the same addresses." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a host machine."
- **3.1.10.** Claim 18 recites, "the addresses used." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "an addresses used."
- **3.1.11.** Claim 21 recites, "the segment." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a segment."
- **3.1.12.** Claim 22 recites, "the segment." For the purpose of claim examination, the phrase is interpreted as "a segment."

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 5. Claims 1, 3, 4, 6, 9, 11, 13, 16, 18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Devine (U.S. Patent 6,397,242, May 28, 2002) in view of Klaiber (Klaiber, Alexander; "The Technology Behind Crusoe Processors", January 2000, www.transmeta.com/pdfs/paper_aklaiber_19jan00.pdf).
 - 5.1. Regarding claims 1, 9, and 16:
 - 5.1.1. Devine appears to teach a monitor that translates the machine instructions into translated code (column 8, lines 1 4; column 21, lines 60 67; and column 22, lines 1 21).
 - 5.1.2. Devine appears to teach a virtual machine that executes the translated code stored in memory (column 10, lines 51 54; and column 22, lines 7 8; and column 25, lines 23 46 [especially lines 36 46]).
 - 5.1.3. Devine appears to teach a kernel that detects exceptions occurring in the virtual machine and transfers control between the virtual machine and the monitor according to the type of exception (column 14, lines 56 62; and column 17, lines 33 39; and column 17, lines 44 50; and column 22, lines 45 55).
 - **5.1.4.** Devine does not specifically teach a monitor that translates the machine instructions into translated code <u>and prevents the translated code from being modified</u>.
 - 5.1.5. Klaiber appears to teach a monitor that translates the machine instructions into translated code and prevents the translated code from being modified (*Klaiber, page 14, section "Coping with Self-modifying code", third sentence*).

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5.1.6. The motivation to use the art of Klaiber with the art of Devine is to prevent erroneous execution of old translated code in an application (*Klaiber, page 14, section "Coping with Self-modifying code"*, third sentence). Therefore, as discussed above, it would have been obvious to the ordinary artisan at the time of invention to use the art of Klaiber with the art of Devine to produce the claimed inventions.

5.2. Regarding claims 3, 11 and 18:

- **5.2.1.** Devine appears to teach that the translated code and the original machine instructions access the memory using the same addresses (*column 10, lines 50 55*).
 - **5.2.1.1.** Regarding (*column 10, lines 50 55*); since the virtual machine directly executes instructions on the underlying hardware, it is obvious that the translated code and the original machine instructions access the memory using the same addresses.

5.3. Regarding claim 4:

- 5.3.1. Devine appears to teach that the monitor further includes an auxiliary simulator that executes the machine instructions ($column\ 21$, $lines\ 61\ -67$; and $column\ 22$, $lines\ 1\ -6$).
 - 5.3.1.1. Regarding ($\underline{column\ 21, lines\ 61-67; and\ column\ 22, lines\ 1-6}$); since the translator calls the VMM to execute certain machine instructions, it is obvious that the monitor further includes an auxiliary simulator that executes the machine instructions.

5.4. Regarding claims 6, 13, and 20:

- **5.4.1.** Devine does not specifically teach that the monitor modifies a descriptor table to prevent the translated code from being modified.
- 5.4.2. Klaiber appears to teach that the monitor modifies a descriptor table to prevent the translated code from being modified (*Klaiber, page 14, section "Coping with Self-modifying code", fourth sentence*).

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6. Claims 2, 10 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Devine (U.S. Patent 6,397,242, May 28, 2002) and Klaiber (Klaiber, Alexander; "The Technology Behind Crusoe Processors", January 2000, www.transmeta.com/pdfs/paper_aklaiber_19jan00.pdf), in view of Bugnion (U.S. Patent 6,496,847, December 17, 2002).

- **6.1.** Devine does not specifically teach that the host operating system also supports a full platform simulator that includes device models, and simulates a device.
- 6.2. Bugnion appears to teach that the host operating system also supports a full platform simulator that includes device models, and simulates a device (*figure 5*, *element 520*; *and figure 3*, *element 300*; *and column* 20, lines 11 20; and column 16, lines 10 61; and column 7, lines 20 26).
- 6.3. The motivation to use the art of Bugnion with the art of Devine is that Bugnion and Devine are coinventors on the cited patents, and the Devine patent incorporates the Bugnion application by reference

 (Devine, column 24, lines 15 17), and finally, using a device emulator allows portability of the virtual
 machine monitor across a wide range of platforms (Bugnion, column 4, lines 30 35; and column 7, lines 21 –
 30).
- 7. Claims 5, 12 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Devine (U.S. Patent 6,397,242, May 28, 2002) and Klaiber (Klaiber, Alexander; "The Technology Behind Crusoe Processors", January 2000, www.transmeta.com/pdfs/paper_aklaiber_19jan00.pdf), in view of Lawton (Lawton, Kevin; "Running multiple operating systems concurrently on an IA32 PC using virtualization techniques", www.anticracking.sk/EliCZ/import/Vx86.txt).
 - **7.1.** Devine does not specifically teach that the monitor replaces one of the machine instructions with a capsule if the machine instruction accesses a system state of a central processing unit of the host machine.

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7.2. Lawton appears to teach that the monitor replaces one of the machine instructions with a capsule if the machine instruction accesses a system state of a central processing unit of the host machine (<u>page 3</u>, section "CHALLENGE ON THE IA32", paragraphs 1 – 3).

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- 7.2.1. Regarding (*page 3, section "CHALLENGE ON THE IA32", paragraphs 1 3*); trapping out is equivalent to a capsule.
- 8. Claims 7, 8, 14, 15, 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Devine (U.S. Patent 6,397,242, May 28, 2002) and Klaiber (Klaiber, Alexander; "The Technology Behind Crusoe Processors", January 2000, www.transmeta.com/pdfs/paper_aklaiber_19jan00.pdf), in view of Stallings (Stallings, William; "Operating systems: internals and design principles", 1998, Prentice-Hall).
 - 8.1. Regarding claims 7, 14, and 21:
 - **8.1.1.** Devine does not specifically teach that the monitor modifies the descriptor table to remove a portion of the segment that overlaps with the memory storing the translated code.
 - 8.1.2. Stallings appears to teach that the monitor modifies the descriptor table to remove a portion of the segment that overlaps with the memory storing the translated code (<u>page 334, section labeled</u> "Segmentation", sub-section labeled "Virtual Memory Implications", second paragraph, especially item number 1, sentence 3; and pages 307 309 section 7.4 Segmentation).
 - 8.1.2.1. Regarding (page 334, section labeled "Segmentation", sub-section labeled "Virtual

 Memory Implications", second paragraph, especially item number 1, sentence 3; and pages 307 309

 section 7.4 Segmentation); since the advantage of segmentation was that the operating system will shrink a segment as needed, it would have been obvious that the monitor modifies the descriptor table to remove a portion of the segment that overlaps with the memory storing the translated code.

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8.1.3. The motivation to use the art of Stallings with the art of Devine is the advantage recited in Stallings that segmentation simplifies the handling of growing data structures, and the operating system will expand or shrink the segment as needed (page 334, section labeled "Segmentation", sub-section labeled "Virtual Memory Implications", second paragraph, especially item number 1, sentence 3).

8.2. Regarding claim 8, 15 and 22:

- **8.2.1.** Devine does not specifically teach that the monitor modifies the descriptor table to replace the segment with a substitute segment, which, when accessed, causes an exception to be generated.
- 8.2.2. Stallings appears to teach that the monitor modifies the descriptor table to replace the segment with a substitute segment, which, when accessed, causes an exception to be generated (page 335, section labeled "Organization", first paragraph, especially the sentence that starts with "Because only some of the segments of a process may be in main memory . . . "; and page 324, figure 8.2b; and pages 324 325, section labeled "Paging"; and pages 319 320, section 8.1 "Hardware and Control Structures", especially page 320, the paragraph that starts with "Let us consider . . . ").
- **8.2.3.** The motivation to use the art of Stallings with the art of Devine is the benefit recited in Stallings that it is not necessary for all of the segments to be in memory during execution (*page 319, section 8.1*"Hardware and Control Structures").

Conclusion

- Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Russ Guill whose telephone number is 571-272-7955. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday – Friday 9:00 AM – 5:30 PM.
- 10. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Picard can be reached on 571-272-3749. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or

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proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this

application should be directed to the TC2100 Group Receptionist: 571-272-2100.

11. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information

Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private

PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR

only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have

questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197

(toll-free).

Russ Guill Examiner

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RG

Primary Examiner

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